

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations And According To The Hazardous

Products Regulation (February 11, 2015).

Revision Date: 01/01/2022 Date of Issue: 02/01/2022 Version: 3.1

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier 1.1.

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Manufactured Shingle Modifier (MSM™)

Note: Individual composition of hazardous constituents of MSM™ will vary based on differences in feedstock.

Intended Use of the Product 1.2.

MSM[™] is used as a modifier for hot mix asphalt.

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company – Lafarge Canada

Western Canada

#300 115 Quarry Park Road SE

Calgary, AB T2C 5G9 Phone: (403) 225-5400 Eastern Canada 6509 Airport Road Mississauga, ON L4V 157 Phone: (905) 738-7070

Website:www.lafarge.ca

1.4. **Emergency Telephone Number**

Emergency Number : ChemTel® 1-800-255-3924 (24 hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. **Classification of the Substance or Mixture**

GHS-US/CA Classification

Carc. 1A H350 STOT RE 1 H372

Comb. Dust

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see Section 16.

2.2. **Label Elements**

GHS-US/CA Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US/CA)



Signal Word (GHS-US/CA)

Hazard Statements (GHS-US/CA) May form combustible dust concentrations in air.

H372 - Causes damage to organs (lung/respiratory system) through prolonged or

repeated exposure (Inhalation).

H350 - May cause cancer (Inhalation).

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US/CA): P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P260 - Do not breathe dust.

P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection. P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national,

territorial, provincial, and international regulations.

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2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. Hot asphalt can release toxic Hydrogen Sulfide gas! Hydrogen Sulfide can accumulate in vapor space of tanks and vessels during transfer and storage of this material. Repeated or prolonged exposure to respirable (airborne) crystalline silica dust will cause lung damage in the form of silicosis. Symptoms will include progressively more difficult breathing, cough, fever, and weight loss.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US/CA)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	% *	GHS Ingredient Classification
Carbonic acid, magnesium salt (1:1)	(CAS-No.) 546-93-0	8 - 40	Not classified
Limestone	(CAS-No.) 1317-65-3	8 - 40	Not classified
Asphalt	(CAS-No.) 8052-42-4	20 - 35	Carc. 2, H351
Cellulose	(CAS-No.) 9004-34-6	< 20	Comb. Dust
Glass, oxide, chemicals	(CAS-No.) 65997-17-3	< 15	Carc. 1B, H350
Quartz	(CAS-No.) 14808-60-7	< 10	Carc. 1A, H350
			STOT SE 3, H335
			STOT RE 1, H372
Hydrogen sulfide	(CAS-No.) 7783-06-4	**	Flam. Gas 1, H220
			Press. Gas (Liq.), H280
			Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:gas), H330
			Eye Irrit. 2A, H319
			STOT SE 3, H335
			STOT SE 1, H370
			Aquatic Acute 1, H400
			Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of H-phrases: see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

Inhalation: Using proper respiratory protection, move the exposed person to fresh air at once. Encourage exposed person to cough, spit out, and blow nose to remove dust. Immediately call a poison center, physician, or emergency medical service.

Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Cool skin rapidly with cold water after contact with molten product. Removal of solidified molten material from skin requires medical assistance.

Eye Contact: Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

General: Risk of thermal burns on contact with molten product. Causes damage to organs (lung/respiratory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure (Inhalation). May cause cancer by inhalation.

Inhalation: Dust may be harmful or cause irritation. Some studies show that exposure to respirable crystalline silica (without silicosis) or that the disease silicosis may be associated with the increased incidence of several autoimmune disorders such as scleroderma (thickening of the skin), systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis and diseases affecting the kidneys. Silicosis increases the risk of tuberculosis. Some studies show an increased incidence of chronic kidney disease and end-stage renal disease in workers exposed to respirable crystalline silica.

Skin Contact: Direct contact may cause irritation by mechanical abrasion.

Eye Contact: May cause mechanical eye irritation.

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^{*}Percentages are listed in weight by weight percentage (w/w%) for liquid and solid ingredients. Gas ingredients are listed in volume by volume percentage (v/v%).

^{**} May be formed during processing.

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Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: Long term exposure to respirable crystalline silica results in a significant risk of developing silicosis and other non-malignant respiratory disease, lung cancer, kidney effects, and immune system effects.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposure or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: This product is a combustible dust and as such is a potential fire/dust explosion hazard. Avoid creation of airborne dust. Fine dust particles dispersed in air in sufficient concentrations and in the presence of an ignition source is a potential dust explosion hazard.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Hydrogen sulfide. Oxides of magnesium. Silicon oxides. Sulfur oxides.

Other Information: Risk of dust explosion.

5.4. Advice for Firefighters

Refer to Section 9 for flammability properties.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid generating dust. Remove ignition sources. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain solid spills with appropriate barriers and prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Recover the product by vacuuming, shoveling or sweeping. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Cutting, crushing, sanding or grinding of crystalline silica-bearing materials will release respirable crystalline silica. Use all appropriate measures of dust control or suppression, and Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) described in Section 8 below. Heavy material - proper lifting methods or equipment. May release hydrogen sulfide. Hydrogen sulfide is a highly flammable and toxic gas. Gas can accumulate in the headspace of closed containers; use caution when opening sealed containers. Heating the product or containers can cause thermal decomposition of the product and release hydrogen sulfide.

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Accumulation and dispersion of dust with an ignition source can cause a combustible dust explosion. Keep dust levels to a minimum and follow applicable regulations.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Avoid creating or spreading dust. Do not breathe dust. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and hot surfaces. No smoking.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations. Avoid creating or spreading dust. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting equipment. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area.

Incompatible Materials: Dissolves in hydrofluoric acid, producing corrosive silicon tetrafluoride gas.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

MSM™ is used as a modifier for hot mix asphalt.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in Section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established Exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), OSHA (PEL), Canadian provincial governments, or the Mexican government.

Carbonic acid, magnesium salt (1:1) (546-93-0)		
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	10 mg/m³ (total dust – Magnesite)
		5 mg/m³ (respirable dust – Magnesite)
British Columbia	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (total dust – Magnesite)
		3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction – Magnesite)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1%
		Crystalline silica – Magnesite)
Nunavut	OEL STEL	20 mg/m³ (Magnesite)
Nunavut	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (Magnesite)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL	20 mg/m³ (Magnesite)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (Magnesite)
Québec	VEMP	10 mg/m³ (containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline silica-total
		dust – Magnesite)
Limestone (1317-65-3)		
Mexico	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³
Mexico	OEL STEL	20 mg/m ³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA)	15 mg/m³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	10 mg/m³ (total dust)
		5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA	10 mg/m ³
British Columbia	OEL STEL	20 mg/m³ (total dust)
British Columbia	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (total dust)
		3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1%
		Crystalline silica)
Nunavut	OEL STEL	20 mg/m ³
Nunavut	OEL TWA	10 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL	20 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA	10 mg/m ³
Québec	VEMP	10 mg/m³ (Limestone, containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline
		silica-total dust)

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Saskatchewan	OEL STEL	20 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA	10 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL STEL	20 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA	30 mppcf
		10 mg/m ³
Asphalt (8052-42-4)		
Mexico	OEL TWA	5 mg/m³
Mexico	OEL STEL	10 mg/m ³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA	0.5 mg/m³ (fume, inhalable particulate matter)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen fume, coal tar-free
USA ACGIH	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	2.5 μg/l Parameter: 1-Hydroxypyrene with hydrolysis - Medium:
		urine - Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek
		(background) Parameter: 3-Hydroxybenzo(a)pyrene with hydrolysis
		- Medium: urine - Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek
		(nonquantitative)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (ceiling)	5 mg/m³ (fume)
Alberta	OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Petroleum-fume)
British Columbia	OEL TWA	0.5 mg/m³ (inhalable fume)
Manitoba	OEL TWA	0.5 mg/m³ (fume, inhalable particulate matter)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (petroleum fumes)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA	0.5 mg/m³ (fume, inhalable particulate matter)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA	0.5 mg/m³ (fume, inhalable particulate matter)
Nunavut	OEL STEL	1.5 mg/m³ (Bitumen-fume)
Nunavut	OEL TWA	0.5 mg/m³ (Bitumen-fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL	1.5 mg/m³ (Bitumen-fume)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA	0.5 mg/m³ (Bitumen-fume)
Ontario	OEL TWA	0.5 mg/m³ (fume, inhalable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA	0.5 mg/m³ (fume, inhalable particulate matter)
Québec	VEMP	5 mg/m³ (fume)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL	1.5 mg/m³ (fume and inhalable fraction)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA	0.5 mg/m³ (fume and inhalable fraction)
Yukon	OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (fume)
Yukon	OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (fume)
Cellulose (9004-34-6)		
Mexico	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³
Mexico	OEL STEL	20 mg/m³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA	10 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA)	15 mg/m³ (total dust)
LICA NUOCII	NIOCH DEL /TMA)	5 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	10 mg/m³ (total dust) 5 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
Alborto	OFI TWA	10 mg/m³
Alberta British Columbia	OEL TWA OEL TWA	10 mg/m³ (total dust)
British Columbia	OEL TWA	3 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Manitoba	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³
New Brunswick	OEL TWA	10 mg/m ³
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA	10 mg/m ³
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL STEL	20 mg/m³
Nunavut	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³
Northwest Territories	OEL STEL	20 mg/m ³
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³
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Ontario	OEL TWA	10 mg/m ³
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³
Québec	VEMP	10 mg/m³ (paper fibres-total dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL STEL	20 mg/m ³
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA	10 mg/m³
Yukon	OEL STEL	20 mg/m ³
Yukon	OEL TWA	30 mppcf
		10 mg/m³
Glass, oxide, chemicals (659	97-17-3)	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA)	15 mg/m³ total dust, 5 mg/m3, respirable fraction 8 hr
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	3 fibers/cm³ (fibers ≤3.5 μm in diameter & ≥10μm in length)
		TWA 5 mg/m³ (total)
Yukon	OEL TWA	30 mppcf (dust or fibrous)
		10 mg/m³ (dust or fibrous)
Quartz (14808-60-7)		
Mexico	OEL TWA	0.1 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	50 μg/m³ (Respirable crystalline silica)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	(250)/(%SiO ₂ +5) mppcf TWA (respirable fraction) (10)/(%SiO ₂ +2)
		mg/m ₃ TWA (respirable fraction) (For any operations or sectors for
		which the respirable crystalline silica standard, 1910.1053, is
		stayed or otherwise not in effect, See 20 CFR 1910.1000 TABLE Z-3)
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA)	0.05 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
USA IDLH	US IDLH	50 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
Alberta	OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate)
British Columbia	OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable)
Manitoba	OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
New Brunswick	OEL TWA	0.1 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Newfoundland & Labrador	OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
Nova Scotia	OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
Nunavut	OEL TWA	0.05 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Northwest Territories	OEL TWA	0.05 mg/m³ (respirable fraction)
Ontario	OEL TWA	0.1 mg/m³ (designated substances regulation-respirable)
Prince Edward Island	OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m³ (respirable particulate matter)
Québec	VEMP	0.1 mg/m³ (respirable dust)
Saskatchewan	OEL TWA	0.05 mg/m³ (respirable fraction (Silica - crystalline (Trydimite removed))
Yukon	OEL TWA	300 particle/mL (Silica - Quartz, crystalline)
O.S	1	222 23. 22. 27. 112 23. 22. 22. 22. 22. 22. 22. 22. 22. 22.

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls: Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Suitable eye/body wash equipment should be available in the vicinity of any potential exposure. Use explosion-proof equipment. Use local exhaust or general dilution ventilation or other suppression methods to maintain dust levels below exposure limits. Power equipment should be equipped with proper dust collection devices. It is recommended that all dust control equipment such as local exhaust ventilation and material transport systems involved in handling of this product contain explosion relief vents or an explosion suppression system or an oxygen-deficient environment.

Personal Protective Equipment: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.









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Materials for Protective Clothing: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics.

Hand Protection: Wear protective gloves.

Eye and Face Protection: Chemical safety goggles or safety glasses. **Skin and Body Protection:** Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH-approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved

respiratory protection.

Other Information: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State Solid

Appearance Dark Pieces With Granular Surface

Odor Slight Petroleum Odor

Odor ThresholdNot availablepHNot availableEvaporation RateNot availableMelting PointNot availableFreezing PointNot available

Boiling Point $> 1000 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (> 1832 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$

Flash Point Not available **Auto-ignition Temperature** Not available **Decomposition Temperature** Not available Flammability (solid, gas) Not available **Lower Flammable Limit** Not available **Upper Flammable Limit** Not available **Vapor Pressure** Not available Relative Vapor Density at 20°C Not available **Relative Density** Not available **Specific Gravity** Not available Solubility Insoluble Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water Not available Viscosity Not available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- **10.1. Reactivity:** Hazardous reactions will not occur under normal conditions.
- 10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see Section 7).
- 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- **10.4.** Conditions to Avoid: Incompatible materials.
- **10.5. Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Dissolves in hydrofluoric acid, producing corrosive silicon tetrafluoride gas.
- 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products: None expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects - Product

Acute Toxicity (Oral): Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Dermal): Not classified
Acute Toxicity (Inhalation): Not classified
LD50 and LC50 Data: Not available
Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Not classified
Eye Damage/Irritation: Not classified

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

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Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: May cause cancer (Inhalation).

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Causes damage to organs (lung/respiratory system) through prolonged or

repeated exposure (Inhalation). **Reproductive Toxicity:** Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Dust may be harmful or cause irritation. Some studies show that exposure to respirable crystalline silica (without silicosis) or that the disease silicosis may be associated with the increased incidence of several autoimmune disorders such as scleroderma (thickening of the skin), systemic lupus erythematosus, rheumatoid arthritis and diseases affecting the kidneys. Silicosis increases the risk of tuberculosis. Some studies show an increased incidence of chronic kidney disease and end-stage renal disease in workers exposed to respirable crystalline silica.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Direct contact may cause irritation by mechanical abrasion.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: May cause slight irritation to eyes. Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: Ingestion may cause adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: Long term exposure to respirable crystalline silica results in a significant risk of developing silicosis and other non-malignant respiratory disease, lung cancer, kidney effects, and immune system effects.

11.2. Information on Toxicological Effects - Ingredient(s)

LD50 and LC50 Data:

LD30 and LC30 Data:		
Asphalt (8052-42-4)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 94.4 mg/m³	
Cellulose (9004-34-6)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 5800 mg/m³ (Exposure time: 4 h)	
Quartz (14808-60-7)		
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 5000 mg/kg	
Asphalt (8052-42-4)		
IARC Group	2B	
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.	
Glass, oxide, chemicals (65997-17-3)		
IARC Group	2B	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen.	
Quartz (14808-60-7)		
IARC Group	1	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens.	
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.	

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General: Not classified.

Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)		
LC50 Fish 1	0.0448 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [flow-through])	
LC50 Fish 2	0.016 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])	

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

 .2.2. Persistence and Degradability		
Manufactured Shingle Modifier (MSM™)		
Persistence and Degradability Not established.		

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12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Manufactured Chinala Madifice (MCRAIM)		
Manufactured Shingle Modifier (MSM™)		
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.	
Asphalt (8052-42-4)		
BCF Fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)	
Log Pow	>6	
Hydrogen sulfide (7783-06-4)		
BCF Fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.45 (at 25 °C)	

12.4. Mobility in Soil

Not available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT
 14.2. In Accordance with IMDG
 14.3. In Accordance with IATA
 14.4. In Accordance with TDG
 Not regulated for transport
 Not regulated for transport
 Not regulated for transport

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Manufactured Shingle Modifier (MSM™)	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Cla		Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure) Health hazard - Carcinogenicity Physical hazard - Combustible dust
Carbonic acid, magnesium salt (1	:1) (546-93-0)	<i>y</i>
Listed on the United States TSCA	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •) inventory
Limestone (1317-65-3)		
Listed on the United States TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
Asphalt (8052-42-4)		
Listed on the United States TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
Cellulose (9004-34-6)		
Listed on the United States TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag		nce exempt from reporting under Chemical Data Reporting Rule date Reporting Rule), i.e., Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory ite Reports (40 CFR 711).
Glass, oxide, chemicals (65997-17	7-3)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Quartz (14808-60-7)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory		
Hydrogen Sulfide (7783-06-4)		

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Listed on the United States SARA Section 302 Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section	ion 313
CERCLA RQ	100 lb
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500 lb
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1%

15.2. US State Regulations

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	WARNING: This product can expose you to Bitumens, extracts of steam-
	refined and air refined, which is known to the State of California to cause
	cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Carbonic acid, magnesium salt (1:1) (546-93-0)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

Limestone (1317-65-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Asphalt (8052-42-4)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Cellulose (9004-34-6)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Quartz (14808-60-7)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

Hydrogen Sulfide (7783-06-4)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List
- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List

15.3. Canadian Regulations

Carbonic acid, magnesium salt (1:1) (546-93-0)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Limestone (1317-65-3)

Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)

Asphalt (8052-42-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Cellulose (9004-34-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Glass, oxide, chemicals (65997-17-3)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Quartz (14808-60-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Hydrogen Sulfide (7783-06-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

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SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest

: 01/01/2022

Revision

Other Information

: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200 and Canada's Hazardous Products

Regulations (HPR) SOR/2015-17.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:gas)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:gas) Category 2
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Gas 1	Flammable gases Category 1
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Gases under pressure – Liquefied gas
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H220	Extremely flammable gas
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H350	May cause cancer
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H370	Causes damage to organs
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

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