

# CONCRETE Plpe 2021 SOUTHERN ALBERTA 



## LAFARGE



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## CONCRETEPPE-DIMENSONS

| Nominal Inside Diameter |  | Wall | Pipe Style | Lifting Clutches (Ton) | Weight |  | Dimensions (mm) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | in |  |  |  | $\mathrm{kg} /$ piece | kg/m | Pipe ID | Pipe OD | Bell OD | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wall } \\ & \text { Thickness } \end{aligned}$ | Spigot Length |
| 300 | 12 | C | Bell | - | 525 | 215 | 305 | 445 | 508 | 70 | 92 |
| 375 | 15 | C | Bell | - | 700 | 287 | 381 | 533 | 610 | 76 | 92 |
| 450 | 18 | B | Bell | - | 750 | 307 | 457 | 585 | 711 | 64 | 92 |
| 525 | 21 | C | Bell | - | 1125 | 461 | 533 | 711 | 806 | 89 | 98 |
| 600 | 24 | C | Bell | 2 | 1375 | 564 | 610 | 800 | 902 | 95 | 98 |
| 675 | 27 | C | Bell | 2 | 1650 | 676 | 686 | 889 | 1006 | 102 | 102 |
| 750 | 30 | C | Bell | 2 | 1950 | 799 | 762 | 978 | 1099 | 108 | 102 |
| 750 | 30 | X | Straight | 4 | 2875 | 1178 | 762 | 1085 | - | 162 | 102 |
| 900 | 36 | C | Bell | 4 | 2625 | 1076 | 914 | 1156 | 1302 | 121 | 102 |
| 900 | 36 | X | Bell | 4 | 2775 | 1137 | 914 | 1188 | 1302 | 137 | 102 |
| 1050 | 42 | C | Bell | 4 | 3275 | 1342 | 1067 | 1334 | 1461 | 133 | 108 |
| 1050 | 42 | X | Straight | 4 | 4525 | 1855 | 1067 | 1442 | . | 187 | 108 |
| 1200 | 48 | B | Straight | 4 | 3300 | 1352 | 1219 | 1473 | - | 127 | 102 |
| 1200 | 48 | C | Straight | 4 | 3825 | 1568 | 1219 | 1511 | $\cdot$ | 146 | 102 |
| 1350 | 54 | B | Straight | 4 | 4050 | 1660 | 1372 | 1652 | - | 140 | 127 |
| 1500 | 60 | C | Straight | 4 | 5575 | 2285 | 1524 | 1866 | - | 171 | 127 |
| 1650 | 66 | B | Straight | 4 | 5850 | 2398 | 1676 | 2006 | $\cdot$ | 165 | 127 |
| 1650 | 66 | C | Straight | 4 | 6575 | 2695 | 1676 | 2044 | - | 184 | 127 |
| 1800 | 72 | B | Straight | 8 | 6850 | 2807 | 1829 | 2185 | - | 178 | 127 |
| 1800 | 72 | C | Straight | 8 | 7625 | 3125 | 1829 | 2223 | - | 197 | 127 |
| 1950 | 78 | C | Straight | 8 | 8800 | 3607 | 1981 | 2401 | - | 210 | 140 |
| 2100 | 84 | B | Straight | 8 | 9100 | 3730 | 2134 | 2540 | - | 203 | 143 |
| 2400 | 96 | C | Straight | 8 | 12775 | 5236 | 2438 | 2934 | - | 248 | 127 |
| 2700 | 108 | C | Straight | 20 | 15800 | 6475 | 2743 | 3289 | - | 273 | 127 |
| 3000 | 120 | B | Straight | 20 | 17800 | 7295 | 3048 | 3606 | - | 279 | 152 |


a) Bell Type Concrete Pipe

PIPE I.D. Ranging 300 mm diameter to 1050 diameter


Straight/Jacking Concrete Pipe 1200 mm diameter and larger

## CONCREEEPPPE.CLLASSESTMATIONTABLE

| Pipe Diameter (mm) | Installation Type | Maximum Depth to Invert (m) for: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Class II | Class III | Class IV | Class V |
| 300 | 1 |  |  |  | 14.9 |
|  | 2 |  |  |  | 10.5 |
|  | 3 |  |  |  | 8.2 |
|  | 4 |  |  |  | 5.4 |
| 375 | 1 |  |  |  | 15.4 |
|  | 2 |  |  |  | 10.8 |
|  | 3 |  |  |  | 8.5 |
|  | 4 |  |  |  | 5.7 |
| 450 | 1 |  |  |  | 15.7 |
|  | 2 |  |  |  | 11.0 |
|  | 3 |  |  |  | 8.7 |
|  | 4 |  |  |  | 5.9 |
| 525 | 1 |  |  |  | 15.9 |
|  | 2 |  |  |  | 11.1 |
|  | 3 |  |  |  | 8.9 |
|  | 4 |  |  |  | 6.1 |
| 600 | 1 |  |  | 11.6 | 16.0 |
|  | 2 |  |  | 8.1 | 11.2 |
|  | 3 |  |  | 6.5 | 9.0 |
|  | 4 |  |  | 4.5 | 6.2 |
| 675 | 1 |  |  | 11.6 | 16.1 |
|  | 2 |  |  | 8.2 | 11.3 |
|  | 3 |  |  | 6.6 | 9.1 |
|  | 4 |  |  | 4.6 | 6.5 |
| 750 | 1 |  |  | 11.6 | 16.1 |
|  | 2 |  |  | 8.2 | 11.3 |
|  | 3 |  |  | 6.6 | 9.1 |
|  | 4 |  |  | 4.6 | 6.5 |
| 900 | 1 |  | 7.8 | 11.7 | 16.1 |
|  | 2 |  | 5.5 | 8.3 | 11.4 |
|  | 3 |  | 4.4 | 6.7 | 9.2 |
|  | 4 |  | 3.1 | 4.9 | 6.7 |
| 1050 | 1 | 6.2 | 7.9 | 11.8 | 16.3 |
|  | 2 | 4.4 | 5.7 | 8.5 | 11.6 |
|  | 3 | 3.5 | 4.5 | 6.8 | 9.3 |
|  | 4 |  | 3.2 | 5.0 | 6.9 |
| 1200 | 1 | 6.3 | 8.0 | 11.9 | 16.3 |
|  | 2 | 4.6 | 5.8 | 8.6 | 11.8 |
|  | 3 | 3.6 | 4.7 | 7.0 | 9.5 |
|  | 4 |  | 3.4 | 5.2 | 7.0 |


| Pipe Diameter (mm) | Installation Type | Maximum Depth to Invert (m) for: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Class II | Class III | Class IV | Class V |
| 1350 | 1 | 6.4 | 8.1 | 12.0 | 16.7 |
|  | 2 | 4.7 | 5.9 | 8.7 | 11.9 |
|  | 3 | 3.7 | 4.8 | 7.1 | 9.6 |
|  | 4 |  | 3.5 | 5.3 | 7.2 |
| 1500 | 1 | 6.5 | 8.2 | 12.1 | 16.5 |
|  | 2 | 4.8 | 6.0 | 8.8 | 12.0 |
|  | 3 | 3.8 | 4.9 | 7.1 | 9.6 |
|  | 4 |  | 3.6 | 5.5 | 7.3 |
| 1650 | 1 | 6.6 | 8.3 | 12.1 | 16.5 |
|  | 2 | 4.9 | 6.1 | 8.9 | 12.1 |
|  | 3 | 3.8 | 5.0 | 7.3 | 9.7 |
|  | 4 |  | 3.7 | 5.6 | 7.5 |
| 1800 | 1 | 6.6 | 8.3 | 12.2 | 16.6 |
|  | 2 | 4.9 | 6.2 | 9.0 | 12.2 |
|  | 3 | 3.9 | 5.0 | 7.3 | 9.8 |
|  | 4 |  | 3.7 | 5.7 | 7.6 |
| 1950 | 1 | 6.7 | 8.4 | 12.3 | 16.7 |
|  | 2 | 5.1 | 6.4 | 9.2 | 12.3 |
|  | 3 | 4.0 | 5.2 | 7.5 | 10.0 |
|  | 4 |  | 3.9 | 5.8 | 7.8 |
| 2100 | 1 | 6.8 | 8.5 | 12.4 | 16.8 |
|  | 2 | 5.2 | 6.5 | 9.3 | 12.4 |
|  | 3 | 4.0 | 5.3 | 7.6 | 10.1 |
|  | 4 |  |  | 6.0 | 7.9 |
| 2400 | 1 | 7.0 | 8.7 | 12.5 | 16.9 |
|  | 2 | 5.4 | 6.7 | 9.5 | 12.7 |
|  | 3 |  | 5.5 | 7.8 | 10.3 |
|  | 4 |  |  | 6.2 | 8.1 |
| 2700 | 1 | 7.2 | 8.9 | 12.7 | 17.0 |
|  | 2 | 5.6 | 6.9 | 9.8 | 13.0 |
|  | 3 |  | 5.7 | 8.1 | 10.6 |
|  | 4 |  |  | 6.4 | 8.4 |
| 3000 | 1 | 7.4 | 9.1 | 12.9 | 17.2 |
|  | 2 | 5.8 | 7.2 | 10.0 | 13.2 |
|  | 3 |  | 5.9 | 8.3 | 10.8 |
|  | 4 |  |  | 6.7 | 8.6 |

NOTES: 1. Above tables are based on recommended loadings and calculations for the "Standard Practice for the Design and Installation of Rigid Gravity Sewer Pipe in the City of Calgary". This table is provided for convenience, but is not intended to replace proper engineering design.
2. Minimum cover for Class IV and V pipe is 0.3 m . Call for shallow designs for lower classes.
3. Design assistance available to suit installation conditions.
4. Type 1 installations require prior approval from the City of Calgary for Calgary based projects.

## Standard Trench Installation (Ref: ACPA)



Note 1: Clearance between pipe and trench wall shall be adequate to enable specific compaction, but not less than $D_{0} / 6$.

| Installation Type | Bedding Thickness | Haunch and Outer Bedding | Lower Side |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type 1 | $D_{0} / 24$ minimum; not less than 3 in . If rock foundation, use $D_{0} / 12$ minimum; not less than 6 in. | 95\% Category I | Undisturbed natural soil with firmness equivalent to the following placed soils: 90\% Category I, $95 \%$ Category II, or $100 \%$ Category III, or embankment to use the same materials |
| Type 2 | $D_{0} / 24$ minimum; not less than 3 In. If rock foundation, use $\mathrm{D}_{0} / 12$ minimum; not less than 6 In. | 90\% Category I or 95\% Category II | Undisturbed natural soil with firmness equivalent to the following placed soils: 85\% Category I, 90\% Category II, or 95\% Category III, or embankment to the same requirements. |
| Type 3 | $D_{0} / 24$ minimum; not less than 3 In . If rock foundation, use $\mathrm{D}_{0} / 12$ minimum; not less than 6 In. | 85\% Category I, <br> 90\% Category II, or <br> 95\% Category III | Undisturbed natural soil with firmness equivalent to the following placed soils: 85\% Category I, $90 \%$ Category II, or $95 \%$ Category III, or embankment to the same requirements. |
| Type 4 | No bedding required, except if rock foundation, use $\mathrm{D}_{0} / 12$ minimum; not less than 6 in . | No compaction required, except if Category III, use 85\% Category III | No compaction required, except if Category III, use 85\% Category III |

Pipe design in the City of Calgary and most major municipalities is based on Standard Installation Beddings, which outline four standard installation types. Type 1 installations represent the most compact soil material, while Type 4 installations represent poor soil material. Type 2 installations are generally considered the most common method. A generalized depiction of a standard installation for concrete pipe is presented below.

NOTES:

1. Category I (Gravelly Sand) includes SW, SP, GW, GP
2. Category II (Sandy Silt) includes GM, SM, ML. Also, GC, SC with less than $20 \%$ assing \#200 Sieve
3. Category III (Silty Clay) includes CL, MH, GC, SC, CH

## CONCRETEPPEDESSCNMETHODS

## INDIRECT DESIGN

 (Standard ClassPipe)Indirect design provides a convenient and consistent method for designers, manufacturers and inspectors to simply select from a fill-height table, as indicated in Page 3. The reinforcement is designed in accordance to ASTM C76, and the pipe strength is verified by the D-Load (threeedge bearing) test relative to the 0.01 inch crack and ultimate loading values.

## DIRECT DESIGN

(Standard Installation Direct Design- SIDD)

The SIDD method is typically considered when the pipe depth is beyond or above the cover indicated in the fill height table. Moreover, somespecific pipe classes fall within a wide range of cover and the SIDD method can be selected for specific depths for potential cost savings.


## CURVEDALCNMENT

| Nominal Inside Diameter (mm) |  | 12.5 mm Joint Opening |  | 12.5mm Joint Opening and 12.5 mm Bevel |  | Pipe Bends |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Minimum <br> Radius (m) | Deflection Angle per Joint (Degrees) | Minimum <br> Radius (m) | Deflection Angle per Joint (Degrees) | Weight kg/piece | Approximate <br> Lay Length |
| 300 | C | 81 | 1.61 | - | - | 263 | 1.22 |
| 375 | C | 98 | 1.34 | - | - | 350 | 1.22 |
| 450 | B | 116 | 1.21 | - | - | 375 | 1.22 |
| 525 | C | 139 | 1.01 | - | - | 563 | 1.22 |
| 600 | C | 156 | 0.90 | - | - | 688 | 1.22 |
| 675 | C | 174 | 0.81 | 87 | 1.61 | 1650 | 2.44 |
| 750 | C | 191 | 0.73 | 96 | 1.46 | 1950 | 2.44 |
| 900 | C | 226 | 0.62 | 113 | 1.24 | 2625 | 2.44 |
| 1050 | C | 261 | 0.54 | 130 | 1.07 | 3275 | 2.44 |
| 1200 | B | 288 | 0.49 | 144 | 0.97 | 3300 | 2.44 |
| 1200 | C | 295 | 0.48 | 148 | 0.96 | 3825 | 2.44 |
| 1350 | B | 323 | 0.43 | 162 | 0.87 | 4050 | 2.44 |
| 1500 | C | 357 | 0.39 | 179 | 0.78 | 5575 | 2.44 |
| 1650 | B | 392 | 0.36 | 196 | 0.71 | 5850 | 2.44 |
| 1650 | C | 400 | 0.35 | 200 | 0.70 | 6575 | 2.44 |
| 1800 | B | 427 | 0.33 | 214 | 0.66 | 6850 | 2.44 |
| 1800 | C | 434 | 0.32 | 217 | 0.64 | 7625 | 2.44 |
| 1950 | C | 469 | 0.30 | 234 | 0.60 | 8800 | 2.44 |
| 2100 | B | 496 | 0.28 | 249 | 0.56 | 9100 | 2.44 |
| 2400 | C | 566 | 0.24 | 284 | 0.49 | 12775 | 2.44 |
| 2700 | C | 643 | 0.22 | 321 | 0.44 | 15800 | 2.44 |
| 3000 | B | 705 | 0.20 | 353 | 0.40 | 15350 | 2.10 |

NOTES: 1. If the specified radius is smaller than shown, bends and/or manholes will be required to meet the required alignment.
2. Bends are custom manufactured to meet required angle.
3. Beveled pipe are not available in pipe sizes $300-600 \mathrm{~mm}$.



| Nominal <br> Dia. (mm) | Weight kg/pc | A | B | Dimensions (mm) |  |  |  | w |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | C |  | L |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Spigot | Bell | Spigot | Bell |  |
| 300 | 250 | 186 | 610 | 1465 | 1455 | 2075 | 2065 | 600 |
| 450 | 460 | 305 | 685 | 550 | 550 | 1235 | 1235 | 914 |
| 525 | 1135 | 240 | 890 | 965 | 875 | 1855 | 1765 | 1067 |
| 600 | 710 | 255 | 1055 | 725 | 725 | 1780 | 1780 | 1200 |
| 750 | 1100 | 305 | 1395 | 530 | 445 | 1925 | 1840 | 1535 |
| 900 | 1865 | 380 | 1625 | 845 | 1015 | 2470 | 2640 | 1820 |
| 1050 | 2760 | 535 | 1670 | 780 | 1050 | 2450 | 2720 | 1980 |
| 1200 | 3000 | 650 | 1775 | 875 | 875 | 2650 | 2650 | 2100 |
| 1350 | 3690 | 685 | 1665 | 895 | 895 | 2545 | 2560 | 2545 |
| 1500 | 4010 | 760 | 1525 | 820 | 925 | 2345 | 2425 | 2740 |

NOTES: 1. Spigot end required for inlet, bell end for outlet.
2. No volume discount on bar screens.
3. Outfalls for other sizes available. Call for options.


## T-RISER

| Nominal Inside Diameter <br> mm |  | Wall Designation | Approximate <br> Effective Height | Weight <br> kg/piece |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1050 | 42 | C | 1237 | 3700 |  |
| 1200 | 48 | B | 1618 | 3725 |  |
| 1200 | 48 | C | 1599 | 4250 |  |
| 1350 | 54 | B | 1770 | 4735 |  |
| 1500 | 60 | C | 1904 | 6065 |  |
| 1650 | 66 | B | 2075 | 6335 |  |
| 1650 | 72 | C | 2056 | 7000 |  |
| 1800 | 72 | B | 2227 | 7275 |  |
| 1800 | 78 | C | 2208 | 8050 |  |
| 1950 | 84 | C | 2496 | 9225 |  |
| 2100 | 96 | B | 2642 | 9525 |  |
| 2400 | 108 | C | 2991 | 13200 |  |
| 2700 | 120 | C | B | 3321 | 16225 |
| 3000 |  |  |  | 3632 | 18200 |



## JACKING PPPE

## Jacking Pipe



Jacking pipe is available in all straight wall pipe sizes.
See dimensions for straight wall pipe on page 2.


## MICROTUNNELINGPPE



| Normal <br> Diameter | ID | OD | Wall <br> Thickness | Effective <br> Length | Weight <br> $(k g)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1200 | 1220 | 1490 | 135 | 3000 | 4350 |
| 1500 | 1524 | 1866 | 171 | 3000 | 6850 |
| 1800 | 1830 | 2224 | 197 | 3000 | 9400 |
| 2500 | 2500 | 2980 | 240 | 3000 | 15500 |
| 3000 | 3000 | 3600 | 300 | 2500 | 19500 |

Lafarge can produce concrete pipe in a VARIETY of sizes for trenchless installation with the jacking or tunneling methods. The pipe sections are designed for the additional axial force encountered in these operations and can be produced with ports for grout or lubrication.


## MICROTUNNELNGPPPE



JOINT DETAIL

## CONCRETE BOX

Precast concrete box sections are designed to meet job specific requirements and are manufactured under factory controlled conditions. Precast box sections are the logical solution to problems of restricted head room, minimum cover, limited trench width or excessive over fills, and can be designed for jacking under roads without traffic interruption.

Concrete box sections can be used in a variety of applications to meet the needs of your project beyond the conveyance of storm water, industrial waste and sanitary sewage. Innovative product solutions include:

- Highway bridge culverts
- Stormwater retention tanks
- Rural bridge applications
- Vertical vaults
- Rip-rap lined culverts for fish crossing
- Utility corridors or pedestrian tunnel crossings



| Box Size Span x Rise | Standard Length | Side Wall <br> Thickness | Top Wall Thickness | Bottom Wall Thickness | Haunch Length | Plug/Top/Base Slab Thickness | Approximate Storage Volume ( $\mathrm{m}^{3}$ ) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1200 \times 600$ | 2000 | 125 | 190 | 150 | 125 | 300 | 1.35 |
| $1200 \times 900$ | 2000 | 125 | 190 | 150 | 125 | 300 | 2.05 |
| $1800 \times 1200$ | 2000 | 175 | 200 | 175 | 175 | 300 | 4.15 |
| $2400 \times 1200$ | 2000 | 225 | 215 | 215 | 200 | 300 | 5.60 |
| $2400 \times 1800$ | 2000 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 250 | 300 | 8.35 |
| $2440 \times 2440$ | 2440 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 300 | 14.30 |
| $3000 \times 2400$ | 2000 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 300 | 14.15 |

NOTES:

1. Shorter standard lengths are available for all box sizes with the exception of those highlighted in italics in the table above.
2. For box sizes up to 6 m rise and span, refer to Big Box section for details.
3. Box lengths can be shortened, but not extended.

## CONCRETEBOX

| Span x Rise x Length | Item Description | Weight (kgs) Per Piece | Lift <br> Clutches <br> Required <br> (Ton) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1200 \times 600 \\ & 2.0 \mathrm{~m} \text { Long } \end{aligned}$ | Culvert | 3375 | 4 |
|  | Plug/Cap | 1350/1150 |  |
|  | Bend | 3375 |  |
|  | Sloped/Outfall End | 2430 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1200 \times 900 \\ & 2.0 \mathrm{~m} \text { Long } \end{aligned}$ | Culvert | 3750 | 4 |
|  | Plug/Cap | 1800/1500 |  |
|  | Bend | 3750 |  |
|  | Sloped/Outfall End | 2700 |  |
| $1800 \times 1200$ <br> 2.0m Long | Culvert | 6450 | 8 |
|  | Plug/Cap | 3500/2800 |  |
|  | Bend | 6450 |  |
|  | Sloped/Outfall End | 4635 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2400 \times 1200 \\ & 2.0 \mathrm{~m} \text { Long } \end{aligned}$ | Culvert | 9250 | 8 |
|  | Plug/Cap | 4850/3750 |  |
|  | Bend | 9250 |  |
|  | Sloped/Outfall End | 6050 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2400 \times 1800 \\ & 2.0 \mathrm{~m} \text { Long } \end{aligned}$ | Culvert | 9825 | 8 |
|  | Plug/Cap | 6125/4925 |  |
|  | Bend | 9825 |  |
|  | Sloped/Outfall End | 6915 |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 2440 \times 2440 \\ 2.44 \mathrm{~m} \text { Long } \end{gathered}$ | Culvert | 13375 | 20 |
|  | Plug/Cap | 8550/6400 | 8 |
|  | Bend | 13375 | 20 |
|  | Sloped/Outfall End | 9630 | 20 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3000 \times 2400 \\ & 2.0 \mathrm{~m} \text { Long } \end{aligned}$ | Culvert | 15650 | 20 |
|  | Plug/Cap | 11950/9375 | 8 |
|  | Bend | 15650 | 20 |
|  | Sloped/Outfall End | 11070 | 20 |

Cover Range:
$1.0 \mathrm{~m}-3.0 \mathrm{~m}$
$3.0 \mathrm{~m}-7.0 \mathrm{~m}$
$0.0 \mathrm{~m}-1.0 \& 7.0 \mathrm{~m}-10.0 \mathrm{~m}$

NOTES:

1. Prices are based on standard applications designed to ASCE26-97 for a Type B1 installation and produced to ASTM C1433. CHBDC and other designs available upon request.
2. See Large Manhole section for pricing of vertically installed boxes (Manhole).
3. Monolithic end pieces are available uponrequest.
4. Rough pipe openings and manhole openings available at an additional cost.
5. Additional Box sizes ranging up to 6 m internal span are available. See Big Box section for additional information.

## CATCHBASINCOMPONENTS

Catch basin is a chamber or sump usually built at the curb which separates debris and allows surface water runoff to enter the stormwater conveyance system.


## CATCHBASINMATERIALS

|  | Item | Description | Lifting Clutches (Ton) | Weight kg/pc |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Monolithic Catch Basin 1080 mm High Complete with Benched Base and 4 Weeping Holes | Up to 300 mm pipe. <br> Complete with Gasket for SDR 35 or rough opening | 4 | 1425 |
| 응 | Twin Upstream Monolithic Catch Basin Complete with Higher Benching 1080 mm High | Complete with Gasket for SDR 35 | 4 | 1425 |
| $\begin{aligned} & E \\ & \vdots \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Monolithic Catch Basin 1200 mm High Flat Bottom | Up to 300 mm pipe. Complete with Gasket for SDR 35 or rough opening | 4 | 1750 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \check{0} \\ & \tilde{0} \\ & \end{aligned}$ | Monolithic Catch Basin 1080 tall Flat Bottom with Sump (Red Deer or Airdrie Spec) | Up to 300 mm pipe. Complete w/ gasket for SDR 35 or rough opening. | 4 | 1395 |
|  | Shallow Monolithic Catch Basin 406 mm High <br> Complete with Benched Base | Up to 300 mm pipe. Complete with Gasket for SDR 35 or rough opening | 4 | 715 |
|  | Flat CB Base | 914 ID x 152 Deep Base | 4 | 405 |
| 응 | 1067 mm High w/ Weeper holes | 914 ID x 1067 High ( 36 " $\times 42$ ") With 4 Weeper Holes | 4 | 865 |
| E | 914 mm High | 914 ID $\times 914$ High ( $36 " \times 36$ ) | 4 | 740 |
| さ | 762 mm High | 914 ID $\times 762$ High ( $36 " \times 30$ ) | 4 | 615 |
| $\sim$ | 610 mm High | 914 ID $\times 610$ High ( $36 " \times 24$ ") | 4 | 495 |
| O | 457 mm High | 914 ID x 457 High ( 36 " $\times 18$ ") | 4 | 370 |
| ¢ | 305 mm High | 914 ID $\times 305$ High ( $36 " \times 12^{\prime \prime}$ ) | 4 | 250 |
|  | 152 mm High | 914 ID x 152 High ( 36 " $\times 6$ ") | 4 | 125 |
|  | C Top | Square Curb (Tee Top) Opening | 4 | 345 |
| $\stackrel{n}{10}$ | K2 Top | Rolled Curb Opening | 4 | 325 |
| \% | K3 Top | Rectangular Opening | 4 | 285 |
| ゅ | M Top | Circular Opening | 4 | 285 |
| $\stackrel{\text { 앙 }}{ }$ | K3 Collar | K3 Top/C Top Collar - 67 mm High |  | 40 |
|  | Stormback Collar | C Top Side Inlet Collar - 67mm High |  | 30 |
| $\frac{n}{0}$ | City of Calgary Frame and Cover/Grate | 152 mm High Frame or Slotted Grate |  | 150 |
| O + d | 'C' Frame and Grate | C Top Rectangular Frame C Top Rectangular Inlet Grate C Top Side Inlet Grate |  | 150 |
|  | 'K2' Frame and Grate To fit Rolled Curb | K2 TopRectangular Frame K2 Top Rectangular Grate |  | 210 |
|  | 'K3' Frame and Grate | K3 TopRectangular Frame K3 TopRectangular Grate |  | 85 |

## FOR CATCHBASIN PRICING, PLEASE EMAIL: ashik.ramdass@lafargeholcim.com

1. Pre-benching is for dead ends only.
2. Barrels, Flat Catch basin Base, Type M and K3 Top Slabs have a 25 mm joint lip. Monolithic CBs, Type C and K2 Top slabs have a flat joint.
3. City of Calgary Sump Catch basins available upon request.

## 5AMANHOLE-COMPONENTS

Lafarge produces 5A manholes with 1220 mm (48") internal diameter. The boot-style gasket clamps onto the pipe, reducing infiltration and exfiltration. For ribbed pipe, a straight wall adaptor is recommended to maintain the integrity of the seal, as per project specifications.


## 5AMANHOLECOMPONENTS

ASTM C478, CSA A257.4

|  | Item | Description | Lifting Clutches (Ton) | Weight kg/pc |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 100/150 mm | Maximum Pipe size of 150mm (6") | 4 | 1960 |
|  | Prebench 200 mm | Maximum Pipe size of 200 mm (8") | 4 | 1960 |
|  | Prebench 250 mm | Maximum Pipe size of 250 mm (10") | 4 | 1960 |
|  | Prebench 300 mm | Maximum Pipe size of 300 mm (12") | 4 | 1960 |
|  | Prebench 375 mm | Maximum Pipe size of 375mm (15") | 4 | 1960 |
|  | Prebench 450 mm | Maximum Pipe size of 450 mm (18") | 4 | 1960 |
|  | Prebench 525 mm | Maximum Pipe size of 525mm (21") | 4 | 1960 |
|  | Prebench 600 mm | Maximum Pipe size of 600 mm ( 24 ") See notes 2 \& 3 | 4 | 2020 |
|  | Prebench Cul-De-Sac | 4 or more openings | 4 | 1960 |
|  | Flat Mono Base | Monolithic Flat Base (710 tall) | 4 | 1670 |
|  | Flat Base | 1220 ID Round x 254 mm Deep Base | 4 | 1020 |
|  | 2440 mm High | Spigot up or Bell up- 6 Steps | 4 | 3300 |
|  | 1220 mm High | Spigot up or Bell up- 3 Steps | 4 | 1650 |
|  | 813 mm High | Spigot up or Bell up- 2 Steps | 4 | 1100 |
|  | 406 mm High | Spigot up or Bell up-1 Step | 4 | 550 |
|  | 305 mm High | Spigot up or Bell up-1 Step | 4 | 425 |
|  | 914 mm High Perforated | 914 mm High Perforated Barrel | 4 | 705 |
|  | 305 mm High Spigot to Spigot Adaptor | Spigot-Spigot Adapter c/w 1 Step | 4 | 525 |
|  | 508 mm High Bell to Bell Adaptor | Bell-Bell Adapter c/w 1 Step | 4 | 530 |
|  | STD Top Slab | 1220 ID $\times 178$ Deep with 710 Dia. Offset Opening | 4 | 630 |
|  | "C" Top Slab | 1220 ID $\times 178$ Deep with Opening for ' $C$ ' Frame and Grate | 4 | 630 |
|  | Red Deer Top Slab | 1220 ID x 178 Deep with 640 Dia. Offset Opening | 4 | 630 |
|  | 203 mm MH Collar | 710 ID x 203 High c/w MH Step Recesses for Step-G | Hooks | 205 |
|  | 152 mm MH Collar | 710 ID $\times 152$ High c/w MH Step Recesses for Step-G | Hooks | 155 |
|  | 101 mm MH Collar | 710 ID x 101 High c/w MH Step Recesses for Step-G | Hooks | 105 |
|  | 75 mm MH Collar | 710 ID x 76 High c/w MH Step Recesses for Step-G |  | 75 |
|  | 50 mm MH Collar | 710 ID x 50 High c/w MH Step Recesses for Step-G |  | 50 |
|  | City of Calgary Frame and Cover/Grate | $\begin{gathered} 600 \mathrm{~mm} \text { dia } \times 152 \mathrm{~mm} \text { High Frame } 600 \mathrm{~mm} \\ \text { dia } 254 \mathrm{~mm} \text { High Frame } \\ \text { Solid Cover (weight/price included with Frame) Slotted } \\ \text { Grate (weight/price included with Frame) } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & 170 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Town and Country Style Frame and Cover/Grate | T\&C 570 mm dia $\times 152 \mathrm{~mm}$ High Frame <br> T\&C SolidCover (weight/price included with Frame) T\&C Slotted Grate (weight/price included with Frame) |  | 190 |
|  | Aluminum Step | 300 mm Wide Ladder Rung - Install in Barrels with 25 mm Dia. Drilled Hole |  |  |
|  | Aluminum Poly Step | 300mm Wide Poly Coated Ladder Rung - Install in Barrels with 25 mm Dia. Drilled Hole |  |  |
|  | Galvanized Step | 300 mm Wide Ladder Rung - Install in Collars in Step Recess |  |  |
|  | Gasket | Super Seal - 1220mm ID Manhole Gasket |  |  |

## FOR MANHOLE PRICING, PLEASE EMAIL: ashik.ramdass@lafargeholcim.com

2. Standard Prebench height from invert to shoulder -711 mm , with the exception of Prebench with 600 mm concrete pipe - 811 mm .
3. Prebench manhole comes complete with cast in place gaskets for connection to SDR 35 PVC pipe. Other pipe styles are supplied with oversized openings.
4. In areas with high groundwater, manhole gaskets and 2440 mm high Manhole Barrels are recommended.
5. All Manhole material designed to meet City of Calgary specifications. Please advise if other requirements are necessary.
6. Nitrile boot gaskets available for $200-600 \mathrm{~mm}$. Allow $4-5$ weeks for delivery time. Please call for pricing.

## ESTIMATINGGUIDE <br> for 1200 mm Diameter Type 5A Manholes

| Depth to Lo rest Invert (m) | Prebenched Base$720$ | Manhole Barrels |  |  |  | Top Slab |  | Collars |  | 150mm Frame a cover |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1220 | 813 | 406 | 305 | 280 | 203 | 152 | 101 |  |
| 2.00 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| 2.10 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2.20 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| 2.30 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 1 |
| 2.40 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| 2.50 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| 2.60 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 2.70 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 1 |
| 2.80 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 2.90 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 3.00 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| 3.10 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 2 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 3.20 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 3.30 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 3.40 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| 3.50 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 1 |
| 3.60 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 3.70 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 3.80 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| 3.90 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 1 |
| 4.00 | 1 | 2 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 4.10 | 1 | 2 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 4.20 | 1 | 2 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| 4.30 | 1 | 2 |  |  | 2 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 4.40 | 1 | 2 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 4.50 | 1 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 4.60 | 1 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| 4.70 | 1 | 2 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 1 |
| 4.80 | 1 | 2 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 4.90 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 5.00 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| 5.10 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 2 |  | 1 |
| 5.20 | 1 | 3 |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 5.30 | 1 | 3 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 5.40 | 1 | 3 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| 5.50 | 1 | 3 |  |  | 2 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |
| 5.60 | 1 | 3 |  |  | 2 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| 5.70 | 1 | 3 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |
| 5.80 | 1 | 3 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |
| 5.90 | 1 | 3 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 6.00 | 1 | 3 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 | 1 |

## OHECKVAVVEMANHOLESRMISC:MATERALIS

Check Valve Manholes

| Nominal Pipe Size (mm) | Manhole Type | Weight (kg/piece) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 150 | 1200 dia. Monolithic base | 2200 |
| 200 | 1200 dia. Monolithic base | 2200 |
| 250 | $1.5 m$ Type 1-S | 8880 |
| 300 | $1.5 m$ Type 1-S | 8880 |
| 400 | $1.9 m$ Type 1-S | 12250 |

NOTES: 1. Distance from invert to base -450 mm .

ROUND CHECK VALVE


PROFILE


Miscellaneous Material

|  | Description | Price (Each) <br> No Discount |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Wooden Pallets | \$40 |
|  | Kalicrete - Type HS (formerly Type 50) Cement 20kg bag | \$50 |
|  | Patching Cement Compound 20kg bag | \$65 |
|  | 1200 Dia. Manhole Barrel Gaskets | \$65 |
|  | 25 mm Thick Mastic Coil Gasket 4.4m long | \$65 |
|  | Gasket Lubricant 3.5kg pail | \$85 |
|  | Subaqueous Gasket Lubricant (underwater use) 3.5 kg pail | \$100 |
| $\stackrel{\text { 을 }}{\substack{4 \\ 3}}$ | Pair of 2 Ton Clutches (Final Sale) | \$570 |
|  | Pair of 4 Ton Clutches (Final Sale) | \$640 |
|  | Pair of 8 Ton Clutches (Final Sale) | \$1,280 |
|  | Pair of 20 Ton Clutches (Final Sale) | \$3,610 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \frac{\pi}{4} \\ & \stackrel{y}{4} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Safety Platforms for manholes | Call |
|  | Hatches | Call |
|  | Dunnage | Call |

## I.SUMNHOLELIF STATION DMEEISON \& PAIC.

|  | Description | Spresine | Weeiphticg <br> (Half Structure) | Dimension |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | to (mm) |  | A | B | C | D | E | F | G |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1.2 \\ & 1-S \end{aligned}$ | Top \& Bottom Half 1990 High | 900 | 3420 | 175 | 980 | 1010 | 200 | 150 | 1200 | 1500 |
|  | 1000 High Intermediate | - | 2080 | - | 1000 |  | - | 150 | 1200 | 1500 |
|  | Top Half 980 High | 675 | 3420 | 175 | 980 |  |  | 150 | 1200 | 1500 |
|  | Bottom Half 1010 High | 675 | 3420 |  |  | 1010 | 200 | 150 | 1200 | 1500 |
|  | Flat Base Slab | - | 1530 | - | - |  | 300 | - | - | 1500 |
|  | Skimming Manhole (Top \& Bottom Half) | - | 2950 | 175 | 1160 |  | 200 | 150 | 1200 | 1500 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 1-5 \end{aligned}$ | Top \& Bottom Half 1990 High | 1050 | 4440 | 175 | 1010 |  | 200 | 150 | 1500 | 1800 |
|  | 1000 High Intermediate | - | 2535 | - | 1000 |  | - | 150 | 1500 | 1800 |
|  | Top Half 980 High | 675 | 4440 | 175 | 980 |  |  | 150 | 1500 | 1800 |
|  | Bottom Half 1010 High | 675 | 4440 |  |  | 1010 | 200 | 150 | 1500 | 1800 |
|  | Flat Base Slab | - | 2520 | - | - |  | 300 | - | - | 1800 |
|  | Skimming Manhole (Top \& Bottom Half) | - | 5015 | 175 | 1160 |  | 200 | 150 | 1500 | 1800 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1.9 \\ & 1-\mathrm{S} \end{aligned}$ | Top \& Bottom Half 1990 High | 1500 | 6125 | 200 | 980 | 1010 | 200 | 150 | 1930 | 2230 |
|  | 1000 High Intermediate | - | 3200 | - | 1000 |  | - | 150 | 1930 | 2230 |
|  | Top Half 980 High | 675 | 6125 | 200 | 980 |  | 200 | 150 | 1930 | 2230 |
|  | Bottom Half 1010 High | 675 | 6125 |  |  | 1010 | 200 | 150 | 1930 | 2230 |
|  | Flat Base Slab | - | 3860 | - | - |  | 300 | - | - | 2230 |
|  | Skimming Manhole (Top \& Bottom Half) | - | 6915 | 200 | 1160 |  | 200 | 150 | 1930 | 2230 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2.4 \\ & 1-S \end{aligned}$ | Top \& Bottom Half 2405 High | 1800 | 13000 | 250 | 1180 | 1225 | 250 | 230 | 2400 | 2860 |
|  | 1000 High Intermediate | - | 6200 | - | 1000 |  | - | 230 | 2400 | 2860 |
|  | 1750 High Intermediate |  | 10740 | - | 1750 |  | - | 230 | 2400 | 2860 |
|  | Top Half 1180 High | 900 | 13000 | 250 | 1180 |  | 250 | 230 | 2400 | 2860 |
|  | Bottom Half 1225 High |  | 13000 |  |  | 1225 |  | 230 | 2400 | 2860 |
|  | Flat Base Slab | - | 6340 | - | - |  | 300 | - |  | 2860 |
|  | Skimming Manhole (Top \& Bottom Half) | - | 13000 | 250 | 1200 |  | 250 | 230 | 2400 | 2860 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2.8 \\ & 1-S \end{aligned}$ | Top \& Bottom Half 2805 High | 2100 | 17265 | 250 | 1380 | 1425 | 250 | 230 | 2800 | 3260 |
|  | 1000 High Intermediate | - | 7143 | 250 | 1000 |  | - | 230 | 2800 | 3260 |
|  | 1750 High Intermediate | - | 12370 | - | 1750 |  | - | 230 | 2800 | 3260 |
|  | Top Half 1380 High | 1050 | 17265 | 250 | 1380 |  | 250 | 230 | 2800 | 3260 |
|  | Bottom Half 1425 High |  | 17265 |  |  | 1425 |  | 230 | 2800 | 3260 |
|  | Flat Base Slab | - | 8240 | - | - |  | 300 | - | - | 3260 |
|  | Skimming Manhole (Top \& Bottom Half) | - | 17265 | 250 | 1400 |  | 250 | 230 | 2800 | 3260 |

$4.0 \times 3.01 \mathrm{~S}$ manhole - Contact sales for details.
NOTES: 1. Standard depth of cover is 5 meters
2. Use intermediate sections between top and bottom sections of 1-S Manhole to meet drop manhole invert requirements.
3. Mastic gaskets (see page 17) are available for 1-S Manhole joints. Additional measures by contractor may be necessary if a watertight joint is required.
4. Top and bottom half wall taper is from the thickest point at top/base slab to the center (dimension ' $E$ '), including haunches in corners. This may affect mounting of equipment, gates, etc.

## 1-SMANHOLE-PPPEANGLEENTRY

| Pipe Size <br> $(\mathrm{mm})$ | 1200 mm | 1500 mm | 1930 mm | 2400 mm | 2800 mm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 300 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 375 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 450 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 525 | 40 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 600 | 35 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 675 | 30 | 45 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 750 | 25 | 40 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 900 | 0 | 30 | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| 1050 | - | 15 | 40 | 45 | 45 |
| 1200 | - | - | 30 | 45 | 45 |
| 1350 | - | - | 20 | 40 | 45 |
| 1500 | - | - | 10 | 30 | 40 |
| 1650 | - | - | - | 25 | 45 |
| 1800 | - | - | - | 10 | 35 |
| 1950 | - | - | - | - | 30 |
| 2100 | - | - | - | 20 |  |





INTERMEDIATE
SECTION


## LARGEDIAMELERMANHOLELIFTSTATON

Lafarge provides precast large diameter round manhole (from 1500 to 3000 mm ID), and rectangular/ square sections in a $1200 \times 1200$ ID. The applications of these structures are mainly for manholes with bigger inlet/outlet pipes, lift stations/pump stations, and control structures.


# LARGE WAMHOOELLIF STATION WATERRLL DIMENSIONS\&PRICING 

|  | Item | Description | Lifting Clutches Required (Ton) | Weight (kg/piece) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1524 Diameter (C Wall Typical) | 2440 High Barrel 914 High Barrel 305 High Barrel Top Slab/Base Slab | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 5575 \\ 2100 \\ 700 \\ 1925 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 1829 Diameter <br> (B Wall Typical) | 2440 High Barrel 1829 High Barrel 1220 High Barrel Top Slab/Base Slab | 8 | $\begin{gathered} 6850 \\ 5140 \\ 3425 \\ 2600 / 2725 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 2130 Diameter <br> (B Wall Typical) | 2440 High Barrel <br> Top Slab/Base Slab | 8 | $\begin{gathered} 9100 \\ 3525 / 3800 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 2440 Diameter (C Wall Typical) | 2440 High Barrel Top Slab/Base Slab | 8 | $\begin{gathered} 12775 \\ 4675 / 5175 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 2743 Diameter (C Wall) | 2440 High Barrel Top Slab/Base Slab | $\begin{gathered} 20 \\ 8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15800 \\ 5950 / 6525 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 3048 Diameter (B Wall) | 2100 High Barrel 1220 High Barrel 610 High Barrel Top Slab/Base Slab | $\begin{gathered} 20 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15350 \\ 8925 \\ 4475 \\ 7050 / 8000 \end{gathered}$ |
| ٓ00000000 | $1200 \times 600$ | 2000 High Box Base Slab/Top Slab | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 3375 \\ 925 / 1150 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 1200x900 | 2000 High Box Base Slab/Top Slab | 4 | $\begin{gathered} 3750 \\ 1225 / 1500 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $1800 \times 1200$ | 2000 High Box Base Slab/Top Slab | 8 | $\begin{gathered} 6450 \\ 2325 / 2800 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $2400 \times 1200$ | 2000 High Box Base Slab/Top Slab | 8 | $\begin{gathered} 9250 \\ 3225 / 3750 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $2400 \times 1800$ | 2000 High Box Base Slab/Top Slab | 8 | $\begin{gathered} 9825 \\ 4150 / 4400 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $2440 \times 2440$ | 2440 High Box Base Slab/Top Slab | 8 | $\begin{gathered} 13375 \\ 5725 / 6400 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | $2 n ก ก \times 240 n$ | 2000 High Box Base Slab/Top Slab | $\begin{gathered} 20 \\ 8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15650 \\ 7150 / 8100 \end{gathered}$ |

1500 \& 1800 Dia. Pre benched manholes available. Please call for pricing.

NOTES: 1. Standard barrel and box heights shown. Monolithic base is available for custom heights.
2. Cored holes and rough openings available at an additional cost.
3. Oversized base slabs available to resist flotation in high ground water conditions. Please call for pricing.
4. Prices include rubber wedge gaskets and lube for large diameter round manholes only. Mastic gaskets are also available for box manhole joints. Additional measures may be needed if a watertight joint is required.
5. TopSlabs are typically 450 mm thick and base slabs are typically 300 mm thick; however the thickness may vary to suit engineering design.
6. 3 lifting clutches are required to lift all circular bases and top slabs, and 4 required for square/rectangular slabs. Circular bases and top slabs require 3 lifting clutches. Square/rectangular slabs require 4 lifting clutches.
7. 1500 and 1800 DIA. pre-bench manholes available. Please call for pricing.

## BIGBOXUANHOLESSCONTROLSTRUCTURES

Big box manholes are available for use as Type 1-S manholes or lift stations. These sections are able to handle up to 3000 mm diameter pipe. The Big Box size ranges from 2 m , up to 6 m with .5 m increments in spans. The wall thicknesses are adjustable to 300 and 350 mm thicknesses, and the joints are similar to those of a standard box section measuring 140 mm in length.


Section
ASTM C1433


Adjustable form allows variations with 0.5 m increments for square or rectangular manholes.

The adjustable wall thickness allow deep design.

Weir walls included in control structures. Slide gates available as needed. Via supply only.

## BIGBOXMANHOLE-DIMENSONS


*For larger sizes please contact your Lafarge representative.

NOTES: 1. All weights are approximate and based on 2.5 m section lengths.


## MULITPANELVAULT



## MULTI PANELVAULT

For larger precast concrete underground structures, Lafarge offers custom designed multi panel vaults. This serves as a cost effective alternative solution to a cast in place structure.


# Stormceptoro 

## Stormceptor"MAX

The StormceptorMAX responds to the needs of large-scale industrial and residential areas which may require a single stormwater management device. It provides stormwater quality treatment for areas 10 to $100+$ acres and industrial spill volume capture of $55,000+$ litres.
One StormceptorMAX can provide protection for an entire neighbourhood, a full-scale industrial plant or other large developments.

Unique, comprehensive site coverage.

- Larger sedimentation chamber extends horizontally rather than vertically.
- Non-turbulent treatment environment allows oil to rise and sediment to settle.
- Industrial spill protection in dry and wet conditions.
- Patented scour prevention technology contains captured oil and sediment for safe storage and easy removal.


Stormceptor MAX installation.
A ten box Stormceptor MAX unit was used to treat 110 ha. (5 boxes shown)


Stormceptor MAX installation. A nine box Stormceptor MAX.
Please call your local Lafarge Pipe representative for pricing based on individual project requirements.

## Stormceptor"EF

The enhanced flow Stormceptor EF is a high performing oil grit separator that effectively removes and retains pollutants such as sediment (TSS), free oils, gross pollutants, nutrients and metals from stormwater and snowmelt runoff at higher flow rates than other oil grit separators

The Newest Oil Grit Separator (OGS) Stormwater Treatment Technology

## Stormceptor ${ }^{\circledR}$ EF

- Improved TSS capture athigher flow rates
- Tested and verified throughthe ISO14034 ETV program


## Stormceptor ${ }^{\circledR}$ EFO

- Captures and retains $99 \%$ of free hydrocarbons (oils)
- Ideal for gas stations, garages and other oil hotspots


Seamless
Minimal drop between inlet
and outlet pipes makes Stormceptor ideal for retrofits and new development projects.


Flexible
Multiple inlets can connect to a single unit.
Can be used as a bend structure.

## Multiple configurations available to meet each project's specific needs



Single Inlet Inline

- Single inlet
- Allows 90 to 270 degrees between inlet and outlet


Multi-Inlet Inline

- Multiple inlets
- Allows 180 degrees between inlets


Grated Inlet

- Grated inlet
- Multiple inlet pipes
- Allows 90 degrees between inlet pipes


Submerged

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { - Handles submerged } \\
& \text { conditions up to } 1.2 \\
& \text { meters } \\
& \text { - Single or multiple inlets }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Stormceptor ${ }^{\circ}$ EF

## Stormceptor® EF (Enhanced Flow)



- Stormceptor EF is for standard applications
- Stormceptor EFO is specific for enhanced oil capture. An EFO is recommended for gas stations or parking lots

All Stormceptor EF/EFO models can accommodate

- Single Inlet
- Multiple Inlet
- Grate Inlet


## Inlet to Outlet Drop

- $0^{\circ}-45^{\circ}$; The inlet pipe is 1 -inch ( 25 mm ) higher than the outlet pipe.
- $45^{\circ}-90^{\circ}$ : The inlet pipe is 2 -inches ( 50 mm ) higher than the outlet pipe.


PRODUCT DETAILS

| MEIRIC DIMENSIONS AND CAPACIIIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Stormceptor Model | Inside Diameter | Minimum Surface to Outlet Invert Depth | Depth Below Outlet Pipe Invert | Wet Volume | Sediment Capacity ${ }^{1}$ | Hydrocarbon Storage Capacity | Maximum Flow Rate into Lower Chamber) | Peak Conveyance Flow Rate ${ }^{4}$ |
|  | (m) | (mm) | (mm) | (L) | (m) | (L) | (L/s) | ( L s) |
| EF4/EFO4 | 1.22 | 915 | 1524 | 1780 | 1.19 | 265 | $22.1 / 10.4$ | 425 |
| EF6/EFO6 | 1.83 | 915 | 1930 | 5070 | 3.47 | 610 | 49.6/23.4 | 990 |
| EF8/EFO8 | 2.44 | 1219 | 2591 | 12090 | 8.78 | 1070 | 88.3/41.6 | 1700 |
| EF10/EFO10 | 3.05 | 1219 | 3251 | 23700 | 17.79 | 1670 | $138 / 65$ | 2830 |

## Jellyfish*Filter

## Pollutant Removal

- TSS 85\%
- Total Phosphorus 60\% - Total Metals >50\%
- Total Nitrogen $50 \%$
- Turbidity <15 NTU
- Trash 100\%


## LEED Credits

- Jellyfish filters can be used to achieve LEED credits
- NJDEP Certified for LEED credits


## Pretreatment

- Traps oil, trash and debris outside the filtration zone.
- Coarse particles settle to the sump.
- Separator skirt protects the cartridge from floatables contamination.


## Filtration

- Membrane filtration tentacles capture fine particles, as small as 2 microns.
- Removes a high percentage of particulate bound pollutants including nutrients, metals, hydrocarbons and bacteria.
- High surface area membranes ensure long lasting treatment.


## Self-Cleaning Filters

- During filtration, vibrational pulses dislodge sediment from the membrane surfaces.
- After every storm peak, filtered water backwashes membrane filtration tentacles.
- Sediment is continuously removed from the tentacles by gravity.



## Features

1. High surface area, high flow rate membrane filtration.
2. Highest treatment flow rate per cartridge (up to $80 \mathrm{gpm}(5 \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{s})$ ).
3. Low head loss (typically 18 inches or less ( 457 mm )).
4. Removes particles as small as 2 microns.
5. Light weight, self-cleaning cartridges.

## Benefits

1. Long lasting and effective stormwater treatment.
2. Fewer cartridges required than other filtration systems, leading to a lower cost \& easier maintenance.
3. Design is compatible with all piping systems.
4. Superior pollutant capture.
5. Easy maintenance \& low life-cycle cost.

## STORUTRAP OPEEATION

StormTrap® systems are available in two configurations to provide conventional detention, high early discharge or infiltration to groundwater.

## SingleTrap ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ system

SingleTrap systems are made up of a single layer of modules. It can be founded on either a strip footing to create a large infiltrative surface area, or a conventional concrete slab for use as either a traditional detention basin, or a basin with high early discharge (refer to figure below). Water-tight options are available if required.

## DoubleTrap ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ system

DoubleTrap systems are made up of two layers of precast pieces which together form one StormTrap module. The DoubleTrap system is founded on a compacted aggregate base and can be configured to provide infiltration of detained runoff to groundwater or conventional detention, either with or without high early discharge. Water-tight options are available if required.



## A standard SingleTrap module and system



[1]
A standard DoubleTrap module and system

## A Complete Solution

- Flexible footprint and design
- Reduced design time
- Maximum detention volume for the smallest footprint
- High infiltration capacity
- LEED \& LID
- Full trafficability and reduced risk
- Cost savings
- Quick installation
- Full access and maintainability


## STORMTRAPSYSTEMFOOTPRINT



NOTES:

1. Maximum (typical) inside height is 1524 mm for SingleTrap and 3048 mm for DoubleTrap.
2. Heights customizable to suit site conditions.

## PERFORIUANCENONTORINGPLAN

## From Sale to Service

Lafarge offers a wide variety of stormwater solutions designed to meet your project needs, from StormTrap ${ }^{\oplus}$ detention and retentionsystems to our patentedStormceptor ${ }^{\top M}$ and Jellyfish ${ }^{\top M}$ technology. As part of our ongoing commitment to sustainability, Lafarge is now providing supportservices for ongoing operations and maintenance of our stormwater products.

All Stormceptor ${ }^{\top M}$, Jellyfish ${ }^{\top M}$, and StormTrap ${ }^{\oplus}$ systems offered by Lafarge now include a 5-year performance monitoring plan, including:

- Annual inspection for 5 years after installation
- Provided 5 Years Free Inspection, and quoting for Cleaning
- Cleaning service, if required, at an additional cost



## PERFORMANCEVONTORINGPLAN

## Benefits for Owners

- Annual inspections performed on a set schedule
- Effortless record management conforming to local regulations
- No cost for having the inspection performed
- Hassle-free service with no added coordination required
- No need to keep up with changing local regulations Lafarge will address and inform owner of changes, as requires


## Benefits for Municipalities

- Inspection and cleaning reports are automatically filed - no need to remind owners to submit them
- Provided technical support at installation
- Lafarge has the expertise to ensure all units are installed correctly and are functioning properly

Lafarge's performance monitoring plan takes the worry and effort out of maintaining your devices and helps to ensure compliance with local regulations. Our stormwater solutions team maintains the highest level of safety when performing services. Lafarge also provides support for installation of all cleaned operated Jellyfish filters.


Provided technical support at installation


## ©SOUROEEENERGY GEOTHEENALL 

- Industry leading Innovation!

The @Source-Energy pipe system represents a major innovation in the concrete pipe industry that is focused around the concept of geothermal energy capture.

- The @Source-Energy Pipe System:

Heat energy is stored in the ground where it lies dormant and largely underutilized. The @SourceEnergy pipe system functions as standard concrete pipe, with the added service of extracting heat energy from the effluent in the pipes and from the adjacent ground. Manufacture of @Source-Energy Pipe is similar to standard concrete pipe, except that a small diameter HDPE conduit, similar to a natural gas line, is wound throughout the core along with the steel reinforcement. This HDPE conduit is filled with a $30 \%$ ethanol/water blend that acts as a heat transfer fluid throughout installed.


The advantage of using @Source-Energy pipe is that as the storm and sanitary pipe needs to be installed as part of development, the incremental cost of the @Source-Energy component is relatively minimal. The mass of concreate, being a dense material, makes it an ideal casing for heat transfer to the ethanol/water conductive media. The result is an innovative, highly efficient system that uses 100\% on-site renewable energy.

Geothermal Energy Recovery


## STONESTRONGRETANNMWALL

## $\square$ STロNE STRロNE SYSTEMS

There are Stone Strong blocks. Then there's everything else. With the biggest, best and most innovative precast block in the industry, Stone Strong Systems delivers fully and intelligently engineered retaining wall solutions that greatly reduce installation time and labor costs with unmatched safety, durability and aesthetics. State of the art? We go one better. This is state of the block.


## Available in four custom patterns and can be stained to match any colour



## Fully engineered both structurally and geotechnically

NDRAINAGE
Innovative, hollow design provides built-in drainage.

LIGHTER
Lighter weight makes jobs go faster, easier, at a lower cost.

## BIGGER

Its 24-sq.-ft. size
reduces labor costs
and installation time.

INTERLOCKING
System designed to ensure blocks stay secure and level.

## STONESTRONGRETANNMGWALL



## 24 SF BLOCK

Face 8' x 3', Width 44"
The 24 SF Block contributes to the speed of installation. A small crew and a couple pieces of equipment can install 1,200 SF a day


6 SF BLOCK
Face 4' x 18", Width 44"
The 6 SF Block allows for tighter turning radius, wall steps at 18 " increments and vertical and horizontal adjustments. Also includes a top block with recess.


3 SF BLOCK
Face 2' x 18", Width 44"
The 3 SF Block allows the wall to stay on running bond.


24-86
Face 8' x 3', Width 86"
Setting the standard for tall gravity walls. At 22.5,' it can go vertical with no tie-back.


6-28
Face 4' x 18", Width 28"
A perfect solution for smaller walls, get up to 60 pieces per truckload. Easy to move around on-site with a skid loader or mini-excavator.

$90^{\circ}$ BLOCK
Face $4^{\prime} \times 18$ ", Width $4^{\prime}$
The $90^{\circ}$ Block provides for inside and outside $90^{\circ}$ turns.


24 SF MASS EXTENDER BLOCK
Face 8' x 3', Width 56"
The addition of the extender to the 24 SF Block provides for greater gravity wall heights.


## 24 SF TOP BLOCK

Face 8' x 3', Width 44"
The Top Block has an 8 " recess at the top of the face to allow for multiple finish options.

$45^{\circ}$ BLOCK
Face $4^{\prime} \times 18^{\prime \prime} \times 8.25^{\prime \prime}$
The $45^{\circ}$ Block provides for inside and outside $45^{\circ}$ turns.


DUAL FACE BLOCK
Face 8' x 18", Width 28"
The Dual Face Block provides for above-grade applications.


END /CORNER BLOCK
Face 4' x 18", Width 2'
The End / Corner Block is used for $90^{\circ}$ turns and for end finish treatments.

## HANDIIIGAND INSTALATION GUDEEINE

## Concrete Pipe Handling

Although each shipment of pipe is blocked and tied down by the hauler, inspect each pipe shipment upon arrival before unloading. Set aside damaged pipe and notify the pipe plant so that repair or replacement can be arranged. Damaged ends, chips or cracks that do not pass through the wall can usually be repaired. Provide padding between the pipe and lifting device to avoid damage during offloading. Stockpile pipe with all the bells arranged at the same end. If stacking pipe, each row should be arranged in the opposite direction with the spigot end protruding to keep the bells from resting on them. Ensure that the bottom row of stockpiled pipe is securely blocked at each end.

All flexible gasket materials, including joint lubricating compounds, should be stored in a cool dry place. Rubber gaskets and performed bulk mastics should be kept clean, away from oil, grease, excessive heat and out of the sun. Gaskets are made so that a percise volume of rubber is used from each joint, to provide long lasting, tight and flexible joint. O-ring gaskets for ASTM C76 \& C361 pipe require a lubricant for proper installation. See "Gasket Installation" on the following page for gasket and lubrication procedures.

Do NOT transport pipe over uneven ground using lift anchors - this dynamic loading may cause damage to the lift anchor and concrete. Care must be taken not to tamper with lift pins. Tampering would include heating, hammering, welding, or side loading the pins or anything else that could damage the pin or concrete.

Keep the trench clean and dewatered with a firm bottom free of mud, taking care to prevent foreign material from entering the joint or pipe. Before the pipe is installed a bell hole must be dug in the bedding to accommodate the bell. Failure to do this can cause beam breaks or cracks in the barrel of the pipe.

During insertion of the spigot into the bell, before the pipe is homed, the pipe should be partially supported to minimize lateral pressure on the gasket and to maintain concentricity until the gasket is properly positioned. Once the bell and spigot have been carefully aligned, the pipe must be homed with a direct thrust and not moved from side to side as it enters the bell. Proper homing can be achieved as shown or with blocks and lever bars, or mechanical 'come-alongs' suitably braced to ensure even entry into the bell. Back hoes and tractors are NOT recommended for this purpose. If the bell and spigot are not carefully aligned, the gasket will be displaced causing a leak or splitting of the bell.


## - Transporting, Lowering and Placing Pipe in Trench

Pipe is laid into position using the Pipe Laying Sling in its symmetrical mode. They are lowered into the trench close to the previous pipe laid.
The pipe may be prevented from rolling laterally by partial backfilling.


## - Joining Pipe

The long leg of the Pipe Laying Sling is attached to the farthest anchor on the previously laid pipe. The free leg is attached out of the way - on the clevis link provided.
Locate the center of lift over the closest anchor of the previously laid pipe. This will properly align the direction of pull.

The pipe is pulled into position by slowly raising the boom on the crane or backhoe without moving the boom forward or backward.

## - Releasing the Load

When the pipe has been pulled into position, the load is released and the Pipe Laying System is moved to the next pipe, and the process is repeated.
Warning: Anchors can become overloaded and fail if the crane or backhoe continues to apply load after the connection has been completed.
When handling precast concrete elements, extreme care should be taken to ensure that impact or dynamic loads are kept to a minimum. Impact or dynamic loads can greatly increase the applied load to the anchors.
Failure to observe the above warnings may
 lead to property damage, personnel injury and death.

## GASKETNSTALATION•PPE

## - Self-Lube Gasket



Carefully clean all dirt and foreignsubstances from the jointing surface of the bell or groove end of pipe.


Carefully clean spigot or tongue end of pipe, including the gasket recess.


Align bell and spigot of pipes to be jointed. Before homing the joint, check that the gasket is in contact with the entry taper around the entire circumference. Make sure pipe is aligned.

- Wedge Gasket
- O-Ring Gasket


Lubricate bell jointing surface liberally. Use a brush, cloth, sponge or gloves to cover entire inside surface. Only approved lubricant should be used.


Carefully clean spigot or tongue end of pipe, including the gasket recess.

Lubricate the spigot or tongue end of pipe, especially the gasket recess.

Lubricate the gasket thoroughly before it is placed on the spigot or tongue.

Fit the gasket carefully. Equalize the rubber gasket stretch by running a smooth, round object, inserted between gasket and spigot, around the entire circumference several times.

Align bell and spigot of pipes to be jointed. Before homing the joint, check that the gasket is in contact with the entry taper around the entire circumference. Make sure pipe is aligned.


## CATCHBASNANAD MANHOLEHANDLING

- Lifting Eye Installation


Notes: Direction of extended lip should be in the direction of the lift.

Extended Lip



- How to Use the Universal Lifting Eye


NOTES:

1. Load must be applied simultaneos to all Swift Lift Anchors in order to safely lift product.

## CATCHBASNAND MANHOLE HANDLING

- Typical Applications

Base/Extension

- Strip


Base/Extension/Roof


## BOX CULVERTHANDLING

## - How to Handle and Set Concrete Box Sections

As with lifting any concrete element, special care should be taken by the driver of the placement vehicle to ensure that the impact or dynamic loads are reduced to a minimum. Impact of dynamic loads can greatly overload the anchors and cause failure. Load must be applied to all anchors simultaneously.


## - Correct Method for Pulling Box Sections Together

To pull the box section into position, the long leg of the lift sling is coupled to the previously placed box section. The free short leg is hung into the hook provided for this purpose.

Ensure that the top guide pulley of the crane is over the outer lifting anchor of the previously placed box section so that the direction of pull is slightly inclined towards the placed box section.
Warning: The anchors can be overloaded and fail if the crane continues to pull on the sling after the connection is complete.


## TERMS \& CONDITIONS

1. All concrete products in this catalogue are manufactured using sulphate resistant cement - CSA A3000 Type HS.
2. Restocking/Cancelled order fee for undamaged stock material will be $15 \%$.
3. Restocking/Cancelled order fee for damaged or unrepairable products may be up to $100 \%$.
4. Restocking/Cancelled order fee for custom produced material may be up to $100 \%$.
5. Prices effective January 2021, subject to change. Tax and freight NOT included.
6. Acceptance of terms: The purchaser agrees that the prices levied by Lafarge Canada Inc. for product/services take into consideration and are predicted on the purchaser assuming and releasing Lafarge Canada Inc. of certain liabilities and responsibilities by requesting product/services of Lafarge Canada Inc., the purchaser voluntarily elects to enter into this agreement and to be bound by all terms and conditions hereof rather than negotiate a different agreement which would execute the exculpatory indemnification, hold harmless and other provisions herein and wherein, such negotiated agreement would among other things involve substantially higher prices and/or require provisions of adequate insurance by and for the expense of the purchaser to protect Lafarge Canada Inc. against the liabilities and responsibilities assumed by the purchaser herein.
7. Lafarge Canada Inc. shall not be responsible for any direct or indirect damages whatsoever caused to the purchaser or otherwise by delays in deliveries, whether arising from fires, strikes, labour difficulties, material procurement difficulties, damage to plant or equipment, governmental regulations, accidents, transportation delays, or from any other cause whatsoever.
8. Orders will be accepted for reasonable color uniformity and finish of material. However, Lafarge Canada Inc. does not accept responsibility for exact shade duplication or finish.
9. Any production and delivery commitments made by Lafarge Canada Inc. are subject to the receipt by Lafarge Canada Inc. of all necessary information, details, and final approved drawings within the time specified.
10. Material will be delivered in full truck-load quantities as close to the job site as trucks of Lafarge Canada Inc. can reasonably proceed under their own power. Unloading time in excess of 1 hour will be charged by Lafarge Canada Inc. to the purchaser at prevailing rates.
11. The purchaser shall inspect all material at the time of delivery and mark any damage or shortage on the delivery ticket. The use or installation of material or the failure to notify Lafarge Canada Inc. of any defect within seven days after delivery will be deemed unconditional acceptance of the material and all obligations of LafargeCanada Inc. with respect to such material shall thereupon terminate. The obligation of Lafarge Canada Inc. under this warranty is expressly limited to repairing or replacing defective material and the purchaser shall not have any claim for labour, other material or anything other than for such repair or replacement. This warranty is in lieu of all other warranties, expressed or implied, with respect to the material covered hereunder.
12. Lafarge Canada Inc. will not assume liability for any charge for defective materials or for alterations of defective materials, or for any work, except in cases where the prior written authorization of Lafarge Canada Inc. has been given.
13. All Clutches are considered as final sale and not returnable.
14. The purchaser shall assume responsibility for any dirt left on the street by Lafarge Canada Inc.'s trucks as a result of conditions at the place of delivery.
15. Terms of payment: Terms of payment rendered by Lafarge Canada Inc. are net cash within thirty (30) days from the date of invoice issuance, in Canadian dollars and in accordance with any payment instructions written on the invoice. If any invoice is not paid by the end of the said thirty (30) days, interest at the rate of two percent ( $2 \%$ ) per month ( $26.8 \%$ per annum) shall be charged on all outstanding amounts. For unpaid amounts collected through legal proceedings or by a collection agency, the purchaser shall pay attorney and agency fees and reasonable costs thereof incurred by Lafarge Canada Inc. in addition to the amount of the invoice and any accrued interest.

## Southern Alberta

## 2021



